03

Average People Reached by Sector by Community

January to September 2019

Nutrition

Education

WASH

CCCM: IDPs assisted

Early Recovery and Livelihoods

Number of people reached

- 1 - 1,000
- 1,001 - 5,000
- 5,001 - 25,000
- 25,001 - 50,000
- 50,001 - 100,000
- >100,000

areas with no or limited population

* CCCM sector is only operational in north-west Syria through Turkey cross border
Notes and definitions

(1) MPC (Multipurpose Cash Transfer) are transfers (either periodic or one-off) corresponding to the amount of money required to cover, fully or partially, a household’s basic and/or recovery needs. The term refers to transfers designed to address multiple needs, with the transfer value calculated accordingly. MPC transfer values are often indexed to expenditure gaps based on a Survival/Minimum Expenditure Basket (SMEB/MEB), or other monetized calculation of the amount required to cover basic needs. All MPC are unrestricted in terms of use as they can be spent as the recipient chooses. (Source: This MPC definition is adapted from the CaLP Glossary, http://www.cashlearning.org/resources/glossary

Cash transfers, as a form of assistance, is typically under-reported. This figure, for example, represents an incomplete aggregate of individuals benefitting from MPC assistance throughout the Syria response. Several other humanitarian agencies distribute aid in the form of cash to crisis-affected people, but do not report into the 4Ws.

(2) Response modalities
Syria-based Humanitarian Programme: Humanitarian assistance and services provided from within Syria under the framework of the Humanitarian Response Plan.
Cross-Border: Humanitarian assistance and services reported to hubs outside of Syria under the framework of the Humanitarian Response Plan.
Inter-Agency Convoys: Inter-agency convoys under the framework of the Humanitarian Response Plan.

(3) Inter-sector calculated by monthly average

(4) People reached is the number of people provided with humanitarian assistance by one or more sectors (Food Security, NFI/Shelter, WASH (direct beneficiaries), Education, GBV (direct beneficiaries), Child Protection (direct beneficiaries), Mine Action (direct beneficiaries) and Nutrition) for the month, taking the highest sector per community. People reached does not necessarily mean that all of their humanitarian needs are fully covered, nor does it convey the type and quality of assistance people have received.

(5) Food assistance numbers reflect regular food baskets only. However, other food assistance delivered include bread/wheat flour, cash/vouchers lifesaving and emergency food rations.

(6) Cumulative people assisted with Emergency Food Rations (EFRs) number excludes cooked meals

(7) Agriculture and livelihoods: This figure includes agricultural inputs, small-scale food production, livestock asset restoration, animal health, income generating activities, provision of services and rehabilitation of relevant infrastructure. Agriculture and livelihoods figures represents the cumulative numbers of 2019

(8) People reached is the maximum cumulative number of children under 5 and PLWs reached by a Nutrition activity by community by month.

(9) SO1: number of people who benefit from support to operation and maintenance of water facilities; SO2: number of people with improved access lifesaving/emergency WASH facilities and services and received essential WASH NFIs

(10) Given the challenges the sector faces in measuring individual beneficiaries, the indicator for the number of medical procedures is used as an aggregate indicator that serves as a proxy measure for overall progress in health service delivery in Syria (medical procedures is an aggregate indicator that includes outpatient consultations at primary health care units and hospitals, number of referral cases, mental health consultations, trauma consultations, physical rehabilitation sessions, and deliveries by a skilled birth attendant (both vaginal births and c-sections).

(11) The Protection sector’s overall reach figures represent the total number of distinct protection interventions conducted through the sector’s prevention, response and capacity building activities. It includes achievements from child protection (CP), gender-based violence (GBV) and humanitarian mine action areas of responsibilities (AoRs) and is calculated as the total of all indicators in the HRP

MONTHLY FIGURES: The sector reports response on a cumulative basis i.e. a beneficiary of a particular activity is only reported once in the year. Figures corresponding to a particular month include only reports received in that month with persons who benefitted from an activity for the first time in the year. The stage when a person is considered as a beneficiary of a certain activity depends on the type of activity. It can be 1) when the person joins the activity or 2) when the person completes the activity or 3) when the person completes a pre-defined number of days/months/sessions of the activity.

Mine action activities included in sector reach calculation include mine risk education activities conducted by humanitarian Risk-Education actors and public service providers only. Interventions by governorate total number includes training interventions conducted outside Syria

(12) NFI beneficiary needs are met with core and essential NFIs.

LIMITATIONS:
- The information in this report does not include the Syrian Arab Red Crescent assistance that is not funded by the UN.
- The report does not cover ICRC or Turkish Red Crescent assistance.